

WEATHER.  
UTAH—Sunday and Monday  
cloudy with snow in north  
portion; not much change in tem-  
perature.

Fiftieth Year—No. 315

# The Ogden Standard Examiner

OGDEN CITY, UTAH

SUNDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 26, 1920.

Quite often the most interesting  
news of the day is to be found  
in the want-ad section.

## NAVY BUILDS FLOATING FIELD FOR AIR CRAFT

### Clara Hamon Pleads Not Guilty To Murder Charge

#### RICH OIL MEN SIGN BOND TO LIBERATE GIRL

Signs of Misery Seen When  
Details of Tragedy Are  
Rehearsed

#### MOVING PICTURE MEN GRIND REELS OF FILM

Alleged Slayer of Millionaire  
To Receive Speedy Trial  
At Ardmore

ARDMORE, Okla., Dec. 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—Mrs. Clara Hamon, who has figured prominently in the newspapers of the nation for a month, today is charged with the murder of her husband, John L. Hamon, Republican national committeeman of Oklahoma, in tonight enjoying the freedom provided in a \$12,000 bond after her sensational flight into Mexico and her voluntary return to Ardmore.

In the office of the sheriff of Carter county, Mrs. Hamon was returned here at noon today to answer a charge of murder in connection with the death of Hamon, was released on bond shortly after 1 o'clock.

#### PLEADS NOT GUILTY

Mrs. Hamon pleaded "not guilty." Mrs. Hamon, according to her plans, intends to spend a number of days with her relatives at Wilson and soon thereafter may return to El Paso where her parents live and remain there until her trial comes up in district court. Counsel for Mrs. Hamon has announced that they will seek to have the case docketed for the January term of court and it was said that the request probably would be granted.

#### MOVIE MEN THERE

Mrs. Hamon displayed little emotion as she was greeted by her relatives here. She was taken into an automobile on her arrival and together with Sheriff Garrett, Benjamin F. Harrison, her uncle and a deputy sheriff, was driven to the district office. Motion picture cameras and a battery of cameras recorded the arrival and departure of the woman.

#### SIGNS OF MISERY

The slight but trim figure clad in plain blue serge gown, chic hat and high topped boots, at times dropped into the atmosphere of misery in which she repeatedly declared she had been existing for many weeks. Especially was this true when the court proceedings demanded a rehearsal of a few of the incidents connected with the oil millionaire's death.

#### FRAME NEW BOND

The bond which had been prepared to tender Mrs. Hamon, containing the signatures of numerous citizens of Ardmore, who voluntarily entered, at their services was not entered. At the eleventh hour, it was decided that it was best to frame a new bond.

The four men who signed Mrs. Hamon's bond are: W. T. Franklin, Max Westheimer, L. H. Love and T. A. Thurmond. The two former are wealthy oil men who operate in the Ardmore field and the latter are a cotton broker and a reputed millionaire.

#### 11,000 TONS OF MAIL HANDLED IN 11 DAYS

CHICAGO, Dec. 25.—More than 11,000 tons of letters and packages passed through the Chicago postoffice during the eleven days preceding Christmas, although this year's volume of mail was less than last year, postoffice officials announced tonight. Falling off in mail order business and the general business situation were named by the officials as principal reasons for this year's shortage. In the first class mail department, however, more letters were sent than in any previous Christmas.

#### DRY AGENTS SEIZE 3,445 GALLONS OF RUM

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 25.—Federal prohibition agents have seized 3,445 gallons of liquor, valued at \$70,000, by government estimates, in the five states of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Iowa and Nebraska, during the eight months from April 1 to November 30, Paul D. Ketter, supervising federal prohibition agent for this district, announced tonight after he had compiled a report for John F. Kramer, prohibition commissioner at Washington.

Taxes and penalties assessed in the liquor cases, total \$2,089,432, Mr. Ketter said.

#### 'DRY' FORCES IN HOLLAND SCORE SPIRITS' VICTORY

THE HAGUE, Dec. 25.—The "dry" forces today succeeded in putting through the Dutch parliament after a hard fight, a law increasing the internal revenue tax on spirits 150 percent, and on beer, 100 percent after January first. As the present tax amounts to approximately 1.50 guilders, a liter on gin manufactured in Holland and 3.50 guilders a liter on imported whisky, cognac, etc., the effect of the increase, according to the "drys," will be to make spirits practically prohibitive for the poor. The beer tax now amounts only to a fraction of a cent a glass and the new increase is not expected to change the price materially.

#### THIS PAIR SHOULD GET ALONG EVEN THOUGH PRICES STAY UP AND WAGES ARE BEING CUT



Miss Lolita Armour and John J. Mitchell, Jr., who are to be married soon, ought to be able to meet the household bills without much trouble. She said to be worth \$10,000,000 herself and her father is J. Ogden Armour, Chicago meat king. Mitchell is the son of a millionaire Chicago banker. This picture shows them out for an automobile ride.

#### FAVORITISM IN TAXATION GETS SHARP REBUKE

NEW YORK, Dec. 25.—"Privilege or favoritism in taxation is condemned in a report to the National Tax association by its special committee on taxation which was made public tonight, urging revision of the present six exemption laws.

"The exemption of any individual or class, in part or in whole, is, in favoritism, and, as such, is indefensible," said the report.

"If the basis of taxation be property, all private property should be taxable. If the basis is income, all income should be taxable. The only ground for absolute exemption from taxation either of property or of income—revenue is absolute public use."

#### EXEMPTIONS OPPOSED

The committee condemns specifically: Under the property tax any further extension of exemption of the type of those granted on household furniture, tools, farm machinery and the like, or of the type of exemptions granted to industries or commercial enterprises.

Under the income tax, federal or state, the further exemption of any class of persons or incomes or of a class of income source would be a personal tax on every person in proportion to the income he enjoys from any source whatsoever.

Finally, the committee urges careful inquiry of the possibility of the repeal of existing exemptions which have created privileged classes or individuals.

#### WANTS PRACTICE STOPPED

Declaring there is not the "least ground for exemption of interest" on farm loan bonds, the federal reserve bank, the report recommends that the issuance of such tax-free bonds be stopped.

The committee which has made a study of the taxation problem, includes W. N. Beatty, Salt Lake City; W. H. Osborne, Jr., secretary, state board of equalization of Nebraska; Carl C. Pihm, University of California, chairman; A. M. Rindenstein, of Wallace, Idaho; and G. G. Tunnelle, Chicago.

#### ONE BURGLAR BREAKS CALM OF N. Y. HOLIDAY

NEW YORK, Dec. 25.—New York's coterie of criminals at large with one exception, spent Christmas at home, police reports indicated tonight.

Police officials claimed the apparent cessation of outbursts bore out the prediction of Commissioner Enright that the recent bustling activity of the lawless was nothing more than a Christmas drive for "their wives and kiddies."

One burglary, believed to have been perpetrated this morning at about the same time Santa Claus was negotiating the last chimney was reported. Diamonds, Liberty bonds and money, the value of which has been undetermined, after taken from the safe of a wholesale clothing merchant in East Fourteenth street.

#### HUNGER BEGINS TO BREAK DOWN FUME MORALE

Lack of Food Contributes to  
Depression of D'Annunzio's  
Citizens

#### WARRIOR POET BOTH NERVOUS AND ACTIVE

He's Highly Indignant Over  
Ultimatum That His Troops  
Must Disband

TRIESTE, Dec. 25.—(City the Associated Press.)—The Italian general and his troops are already beginning to feel the severity of food.

The greater part of Gabriele d'Annunzio's troops are remaining in their barracks at Fiume and their officers are in direct communication with the post, who looks after the military as well as the political affairs of the beleaguered city.

Immediately after official notice of the blockade was given to the "regency" of Fiume, the Italian general, who already had a group of soldiers posted around the Fiume frontier, closed in upon the city, barricading it on three sides.

For about 100 yards out of the city, the railroad tracks were removed, stopping traffic into the city.

#### ROADS TORN UP

The roads immediately outside were torn up and these roads the frontiers were barred with tree trunks and wire entanglements. Here and there trenches have been dug from which snipers are keeping a look-out.

Regular troops surround the blockade line at short intervals. Royal guards and carabinieri hold the sea front. The Alpine corps occupies the city from the northeastern heights. What is considered the most dangerous spot, however, is the mouth of the river.

#### POET VERY BUSY

D'Annunzio, according to information leaking out of Fiume, is virtually taking no rest and is displaying great nervous activity in the work of defense. He is issuing orders, giving advice, writing proclamations and reading aloud.

The poet-commander is highly indignant over the ultimatum issued in General Cavallotti's ultimatum, especially that pertaining to the disarmament of his troops, which he considers an outrageous offense to the independence of the regency, which he declares has a right to form an army for its own defense, even with foreign subjects, as France and Holland have done.

#### PRICES RISE RAPIDLY

Meanwhile the blockade has caused a great increase in the price of all necessities. Some of the prices have reached fantastic sums as owing to the danger of starvation, many of the people have purchased large stocks of food.

Times of condensed milk for instance, have entirely disappeared from the market, while fresh milk is not coming in from the neighboring country.

#### PARENTS TURNED BACK

Since the blockade was instituted, nobody has been able to enter Fiume. Many have been obliged to turn back. Some of them being parents desirous of entering the city so that they might persuade their sons to return to the regular army and assist in the regular army.

The number of people requiring to be fed in Fiume is fifty-two thousand approximately, while the regency is believed to have accumulated rationed only sufficient for 16,000 for two weeks. This has contributed greatly to the depression of the citizens who are reluctant to endure privations and suffering in order to secure independence.

#### MORE TIME ASKED

VENICE, Dec. 25.—An extension of time has been asked by d'Annunzio at Fiume for the purpose of evacuating persons and property there but not belonging to that city.

#### ILLNESS OF EX-EMPRESS KILLS DOOR FESTIVITIES

DOORN, Holland, Dec. 25.—The Christmas celebration at the House of Doorn last night was interrupted by the serious condition of the former German empress who suffered a new attack of her malady, and the emperor had to excuse himself to go to her bedside.

Mr. Clatchy today told of his conference at Washington, as representative of the Japanese Exclusion League, with Secretary of State Colby, Roland S. Morris, ambassador to Japan, and other officials.

The reports, the publisher said, were "circulated in Japan evidently for the purpose of making a better public feeling there prior to the California election."

"It was generally conceded that the California land law was passed by a large majority and the Japanese public was induced to accept that result philosophically on the theory that the Japanese ambassador had already arranged with our state department the terms of a treaty under which the effect of the California law would be nullified. That would seem to be the case."

#### SENATOR CHAMBERLAIN RESTS AFTER OPERATION

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Senator Chamberlain of Oregon was said to be resting comfortably tonight at the hospital where yesterday he underwent an operation. Physicians said that if his progress continued, they expected to perform within two or three days the second operation necessitated by his condition.

#### SUTHERLAND OF UTAH SURE OF POST UNDER HARDING, WRITER SAYS

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 25.—Within a very short time or within a few months at most, the country will hear a good deal about the man that everyone speaks and writes about as "Senator Sutherland."

Because every one speaks of him this way it is necessary to distinguish between two men who are known colloquially. By the same title. The one who is not treated in this article is Senator Howard Sutherland of West Virginia. He has his place in the senate and is secure until 1923.

#### POPE SAYS WORLD IS AFFLICTED BY FIVE BIG PLAGUES

Rome, Dec. 24.—"The world is afflicted today by five great plagues," said Pope Benedict in releasing to the press the text of the sacred College presented by Cardinal Vannutelli as "doyle," at the reception to the pontiff today.

The pope commented these as the scourges of the world: hatred among brothers, thirst for pleasure, dissent for work and forgetfulness of the supernatural objects of life.

These evils can only be overcome with the aid of the gospel, said the pope, and therefore he would never cease to remind the people of it, this being his mission and his intention.

The "Senator Sutherland" who will shortly be much in the public eye is not really a senator at all. He is George Sutherland who represented Utah in the senate for five years until he was swept out in the landslide of 1913. Since then he has been practicing law in Washington and in Salt Lake City. Let it be emphasized as the first point in any adequate sketch of ex-Senator Sutherland that he has been practicing law and he has not been practicing personal relations.

RARELY IN COURT.  
Many, probably most, of the ex-senators and other ex-official holders who enter law offices or set up law offices of their own in New York or elsewhere after they have left public office don't really practice law at all. They rarely appear in court, and the chief business of their law offices is to carry on the ex-officio work of their old offices. What most of these ex-official holders lawyers do is to capitalize their old personal relations with men still in public life. They do the most important of their practicing, not face to face with the judge in a court room but in long distance telephone talks with the heads of government departments.

They get clients who value their services, not because they know the law but because they know the ropes. Even the ex-official holders who by training and natural bent are good lawyers, often yield in the temptation of the quicker short cut to a competence offered by clients who want things that can be accomplished through personal acquaintance.

At Washington, rather than the slower profits and greater drudgery of practicing law in the true sense.

SUTHERLAND DIFFERENT.  
Senator Sutherland could not do this even if it was temptation of a quick competence. He is a lawyer in the old-fashioned sense and his mind has as long moved in the groove of hard work and honest practice.

Furthermore, he is temperamentally one of those men whose sense of taste would always prevent him from carrying on a practice through personal relations.

Moreover, the persons who have been familiar with Senator Sutherland's career from its beginning in the modest village of Utah know that the ambition which has always pulled him is not a fortune, and not even a competence, but eminence in the law. He has never been content to be one of the men who are called "lawyers" but who are not really lawyers.

Senator Sutherland is one of the three greatest lawyers in America.

LOOK OF LAW.  
That is a position a man gets into through loving the law as a science and making it his mistress.

Great corporations come to Senator Sutherland. Without any great turmoil of conscience, but simply as the expression of the natural law that governs the mind, he takes their cases only so far as the cases present thorough problems of law. To the degree that the clarifying processes of his mind are valuable he serves his client, and his double is adequately paid for the service.

I know, however, that occasionally these corporations feel a little disquieted. They feel that the expression of the natural law that governs the mind is not the only law that governs the mind. They feel that the expression of the natural law that governs the mind is not the only law that governs the mind.

CHICAGO, Dec. 25.—A large amount of dry bread, spread one inch thick with butter, to which was attached a card bearing the words "Here's something for you," was found in a package from a mysterious "Uncle Sam" opened at the federal building today, according to postoffice officials. They say this was the thirtieth similar package received within the last three months.

The postoffice authorities are of the opinion, they said, that the person sending the packages is a crank. They added that he had wasted several dollars in stamps.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 25.—Burglars looted the vault in the sheriff's office at the county jail here some time last night and took \$1,750 which had been placed there for safe keeping by Joseph Zuber, turnkey. It was announced tonight.

A YOUNG man boarded a Twenty-first street car at Washington avenue yesterday afternoon. In his arm he bore a holly wreath.

"Carrying your Christmas with you?" inquired a fellow-passenger.

"It's for the little grave up in the cemetery," said the young man. "I never forget a holiday on Christmas I think the little one up there should be remembered as well as the ones who are still with us."

#### AGED PARISHIONER DIES AT MIDNIGHT SERVICES

CLINTON, Ia., Dec. 25.—When the congregation at midnight in St. Francis church across to leave, William Curran, an aged parishioner, was found dead, still kneeling as if in prayer.

#### CATAPULTS TO HURL PLANES FROM VESSEL

Aircraft Carrier "Langeley" to  
Be Unique Among Floating  
Armament

#### SMOKESTACKS WILL BE ON SIDES OF STEAMER

Six Submarines Also Being  
Built for Larger United  
States Navy

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Among the 140 vessels under construction for the navy are four types to the American battle fleet, but long in use by the other principal maritime powers. They are the battle cruiser, the scout or light cruiser, the airplane carrier and the fleet submarine.

The battle cruiser will be of great speed, light armor, long cruising radius and strong offensive armament. The ship, being designed primarily for making work ahead of the main body and for action at long range against vessels of their own class. They are to have a speed of slightly more than thirty-three knots (about 40 miles) an hour and will carry eight sixteen-inch guns mounted two in a turret.

TEN LIGHT CRUISERS.  
The ten light cruisers also will function as scout cruisers. They will have a speed of about 35 knots and will carry an exceptionally heavy armament for vessels of their class, mounting twelve six-inch guns. They are designed to develop about 10,000 horsepower, half that of battle cruisers.

One of the most interesting of the new types is the aircraft carrier, Langley. This vessel is being built along the line of the general board's policy that aircraft carriers should be constructed as vessels whose speed and other characteristics will permit of their use with the fleet at sea.

WILL CARRY AIRPLANES.  
The Langley will carry in the neighborhood of fifteen planes of both the navy and military scouting types. The ship's flying deck will consist of a huge platform, fifty-six feet above the water line, extending from bow to stern, a distance of about 325 feet, and with an amidsides width of sixty-five feet. The planes will be housed below on the hangar deck when not in use and will be carried to the flying deck in elevator cars. Catapults will be provided on the flying deck to project the planes into the air and give them the necessary momentum for a start. Arresting gear will be provided on the deck to permit of landing directly on the deck while the Langley is under way. Huge cranes also will be installed to pick planes out of the water.

REPAIR SHOP ON BOARD.  
Beneath the flying deck other traveling cranes will be provided to hoist the planes out of the hold space and for carrying them to machine shops, assembly places and to the elevators. Shop facilities for repairs will include a completely equipped machine shop, paint repairing shop, molding spaces, a metal shop and various storerooms.

An ingenious method for providing smoke pipe without breaking the flying deck is being devised for the Langley. The ship will have two smoke funnels, one on each side, clear of the flying deck and interconnected so that the smoke may all be discharged on the lee side and thus not interfere with the landing or discharge of aircraft.

MORE SUBMARINES.  
The fleet submarines building No. 6. Six others authorized have not yet been contracted for. Their general characteristics will be a long cruising radius, enabling them to accompany the fleet under practically all conditions. They will have a displacement of about 2,000 tons. The propelling machinery for surface cruising will be two main Diesel engines aft. The other Diesels forward will drive electric generators which will provide current for the two main electric motors to propel the submarines when submerged. The estimated surface speed is twenty knots and the submerged speed is ten knots.

In addition to these new types, Secretary Daniels and the general board have recommended the construction during the next three years of types heretofore unknown in the United States navy. They are the destroyers, long range cruising submarines, and nine laying submarines similar to the German G-117.

GERMANY APPRECIATES  
FEEDING OF CHILDREN

BERLIN, Dec. 25.—President Ebert has issued a proclamation of appreciation for the sympathy shown for needy Germans by foreigners and has especially thanked the Quakers and other American organizations which have been feeding the children and hungry students.

Herr Ebert expressed appreciation for the work done by the charitable organizations of Denmark, Norway, Finland, Holland, Sweden, Switzerland and South America. In concluding, the message says that the German people, hard pressed and hungry, will not forget what has been done for them.

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